THE CITY.

A SPECIMEN ABOLITION MEETING.-The Abolitionists announced a meeting in Grove City, Jackson township, the strongest Democratic locality in this county, for Friday night last. There were almost two hundred voters present, and out of this number there were but eighteen Republicans, the rest being Democrats. Sam Shellabarger addressed the meeting first, and knowing the political opinions of the great majority of the men before him, his speech was less vulgar and abusive than the one he delivers in Abolition townships, although it was equally stupid and uninteresting. He was listened to throughout with that courtesy and respect which always characterize the intelligent and impartial Democracy of this country, and especially of Jackson township; and if his speech made no converts, it at least created no disgust.

But after Shellabarger concluded, Mr. Solomon Hinkle, a Federal office holder, who earns a heavy salary by, and whose only and most arduous duty consists in, October 4, at No. 263 East Rich street, compresiding over the conscription churn in mencing at 10 o'clock A. M., a large lot of this district, next addressed the meeting in fine fashionable Furniture, consisting of a strain of vulgar and billingsgate abuse, one fine seven octave rosewood frame Piwhich approximated to the intolera- ano, one Sofa, six sofa seat Chairs, one marble. He started out with the declara- ble top Bureau, one marble top center Table, tion that any man who refused to support Wash Stand, Bedsteads, four fine Carpets, the present Administration ought to be cane seat Chairs, rocking Chairs, feather transported beyond the lines of the Federal | Beds, parlor Stove, one fine large Mirror, army. This atrocious declaration elicited fine lot of Crockery and Glassware, cooka tremendous groan, which was the only ing Stove and furniture complete. Sale demonstration of approval or dissent positive. Terms cash. manifested during the evening. Mr. Hinkle then proceeded to denounce and the premises. abuse G n. M : Clellan in a strain of vituperation and blackguardism which thoroughly disgusted every man in the school Columbus, Ohio. house, and which was highly effective in confirming for McClellan several wavering and uncertain votes. It is surprising that a man of Mr. Hinkle's intelligence, who knows that the position he holds is, in the nature of things, an odious one in the eyes of the people of this country, should so far forget himself as to descend to that vulgar expedient of abusing better men than himself in the hope of making a few votes, when he must have been aware that the denunciations he hurled against Mc-Clellan, in the minds of such an audience as he addressed, only fell back with a double force upon himself; but such is the fact. He did abuse McClellan in a style which makes us wish that he would continue his efforts throughout this county, as they can necessarily have no other effect than to increase McClellan's majority of votes.

CHANGE OF MILITARY COMMANDERS .-Major-General Heintzelman, who has commanded this Military Department for several menths with entire success, and to the satisfaction of the people, has been relieved and Major General Joseph Hooker has been appointed and assured command. During Gen. Heintzelman's service affairs in this department have been excellently administered, and he will leave the State with the respect and gratitude of the people. There have been, we have no doubt, times when, had he listened to the demagogical politicians and sensational agi- Miss EMMA WEBB tators, civil strife and discord would scarcely have been avoided; but he eschew-. and chas ed politics, like the true soldier that he is, PARLOR ENTERTAINMENTS. and succeeded perfectly in his administration of military affairs. Gen. Hooker, who succeeds the able and respected Heintzelman, is distinguished as a fighting General especially great in the front edge of battle but there is every reason to hope that his less perflous and calmer career among the people of Ohio will be characterized by the same discretion and success that attended his predecessor.

THE DRAFT .-- The churn of the conscription officers has stopped its fatal revolutions and the draft was on Saturday last discontinued. It appeared that the quotas of the various precincts in this district were filling up faster by the volunteering of substitutes than by the mustering of those conscripted, and further proceedings were therefore discontinued. Washington Township in this county was the only one behind on Saturday, and that has now filled its quota. This puts an end to the conscription business until after the ides of November, when it Lincoln is re-elected we shall have the wheel in perpetual motion. If, as we ardently hope, he is not elected, the churn of the conscription officer will be broken up for kindling wood and the powers that be will try some other, more potent, and nobler instrument, as yet untried, with which to settle our intestine feuds.

THE WORST CASE OF LOYALTY ON RE-CORD .- A Captain in the 88th Ohio Regiment, engaged in provost duty at Camp Chase, has been placed under arrest for having one of his men who died several months ago, placed to the credit of the quota in a distant township, and drawing the bounty money for the recruit. If anything could add to the infamy of such an act it is the fact that the dead man was the natural son of the officer who had his dead body mustered into the service and credited as a recruit for which he drew, the local the juices which sustain it, this mild, genial and per-

THE WEBB SISTERS .- Perhaps the most accomplished Dramatic Artistes, in their own peculiarly vivacious vein, are the "Webb Sisters." They appear at the Opera House and of itself, when used alone—a safeguard that on Tuesday evening. Miss Emma, the eldon Tuesday evening. Miss Emma, the eldest, for intellectual and queenly dignity. cannot be equalled in the personation of character; and Miss Ada has all the vivacity of the French and the roaring humor of ferman, added to the extravagant sense of caricature belonging to the American, Their entertainment will be assisted by their mother, and will be as amusing as it Diseases of the Urinary and Seminal Organs, and will be chaste, and as instructive as it will be decorous. Let all go to the new Opers House, whose ornamentation they will desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will grace so well. Let our citizens, who re-send the recipe for preparing and using this me -cine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who need member their engagement here two years ago, when they pleased all, give them a fine reception. They give, we believe, but one entertainment.

Boy Lost. On the night of the 19th inst., Joseph B. Russell strayed from the Institution for the Deaf and Dumb, in Golumbus. He is twelve years of age, speaks indistinctly, and wears a light gray overs Mellifluous Cough Balsam, This Balsam will cure marked. Any information respecting him will be thankfully received, and a suitable any one to try. The went cases of chronic and reward given to any one returning him to

stauris Gro. L. Wind, Jr. Superintendent.

ERRATUM.-In speaking of the Republican meeting in the State House the other night, we wrote "our clever friend William Henry Smith." The compositor, who was probably thinking of his own dear, put it our dear friend," &c .. - thus indicating a degree of tender affection on our part which the circumstances scarcely warrant. We'll send the compositor around to ask W. H.'s pardon, it he thinks it necessary!

CITY ITEMS.

W. R. KENT will sell at auction, at his Sales Rooms, Nos. 140 and 142 East Town street, every Monday, Wednesday and Friday evenings, Dry Goods and Notions, where good bargains can always be had. oct1-3td

FRESH Mackerel, Cod, Haddock, Flounders, shell and can Oysters, Wild Duck, Quail, Woodcock, &c., at Wagner's Dining Hall. sept30-d3t

FINE FASHIONABLE FURNITURE AT AUC-TION .- W. R. Kent will sell on Tuesday,

P. S. The house for rent. Inquire on

HATS, CAPS AND FURS, dressed and repared, by E. Lauf, No. 29 East Town Street,

AMUSEMENTS.

OPERA HOUSE IMMENSE ATTRACTION!

Thursday, Friday and Saturday, Oct. 6th, 7th & 8th.

THE CARTER

ZOUAVE TROUPE.

Twenty-Two Talented Performers!

omprising Operatic, Pantomime and Minstrelsy,

GRAND MATINEE, ATURDAY AFTERNOON, for the accommoda SATURDAY AFTERNOON, for the accommoda-tion of Ladies and children.

PRIOES OF ADMISSION—Dress Circle and Para-quette, 50 ets.; Secured Seats, to be had at the ticket office from 10 A. M. to 4 P. M., 75 ets.; Fami-ly Circle, 35 ets.; Private Boxes for eight persons, \$8.00; Single Seats, \$1.00 each.

Doors open at 7% o'clock; performance commences at 8 o'clock.

OPERA HOUSE!

GRAND GALA NIGHT. Tuesday Evening, October 4, 1864.

On which occasion the beautiful and accomplished artistes.

Miss ADA WEBB, AND

Will give ONE ONLY, of their much admired

Admission—Dress Circle and Parquette 50cts. Reserved Seats, to be had at the Ticket office, from 10 A. M., to 4 o'clock P. M., commencing Monday, 3d October, 75 cents. Family Circle, 35 cents. sept 30-5td.-N

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Roback's Stomach Bitters.

SOLDIER'S HOME. SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE, CINCINSATI, June 4, 1863.

My DEAR SIR: I am dispensing a second invoice of your Stomach Bitters among the large number o men who daily arrive at this Institution for refresh ent and rest. The universal testimony is that these litters are the best made. For the various summer omplaints which afflict so many, I know of no remedy so safe and so sure. Plutarch says, "To ask a physician what is easy and what is hard of digestion and what will agree with the stomach, is about as sensible as to ask what is sweet or bitter, or sour. Persons who look out for breakers-and have your Stomach Bitters in the house-I am sure will nevar ask any one the foolish question spoken of by the great philosopher. I must not omit a word or two for your Catawba Brandy. I have many men here who have brandy prescribed for them by distinguished Army Surgeons. The effects of yours on such are most beneficial, far more so than from any previously taken. Persons who desire a really pure Brandy annot fail in their purchase if they get your brand. I am, Doctor, with much respect

your servant, G. W. D. ANDREWS

AT Office and manufactory, Nos. 56, 58, 60 and 63 East third street. For sale everywhere.

REVOLUTION IN THE DRESSING ROOM! By the almost unanimous action of the parties in-

CRISTADORO'S HAIR DYE has replaced the old worn-out inventions for coloring the hair, which the better experience of years had proved to be ineffective and deleterious. Unlike the compounds that

MAKEWAR ipon the health of the hair and dry up and consume fect dye is found to be a vitalising as well as a coloring agent.

Christadoro's Hair Preservative, a valuable adjunct to the Dye, in dressing and prooting the growth and perfect health of the hair, ces and under all climes. Manufactured by J. CHRISTADORO, No. 6 Astor House, New York. Sold by all Druggists. Applied by all Hair fsept 26-d&wlm

A CARD TO INVALIDS.

A Clergyman, while residing in South America a a missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the Cure of Nervous Weakness, Early Decay,

Bree of Charge. Please inclose a stamped envelope, addresse yourself. Address

JOSEPH T. INMAN. old of Station D, BIBLE HOUSE,

sept9'84-dly \$1,000 Heward. The above reward will be given to any person who can furnish a prescription for Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Asthma, and Consumption, which is equal to Dr. Strickland's any one to try. The worst cases of chronic cough, asthma, whooping-pough and primary cases of con-sumption are cured by Dr. Strickland's Mellifluous Cough Balsam. It can be had at any Druggist's, It is different from any other cough medicine we have known in this country. day2-dawiw

FROM MISSOURI.

Sen. Ewing at Harrison-Pursued by the Enemy—Iron Mountain Railroad Cut—Towns Burning—Rebels Hold Pilot Knob.

St. Louis, Sept. 30 .- The telegraph beween Franklin and Rolla has been interru; ted since last night, indicating the presence of rebels on the Southwest Branch

It is supposed that if Gen. Ewing reached Iarrison Station and found the road cut east of him, he would attempt to reach Rolla, where Gen. McNiel is strengthening the post, having the entire male population working on fortifications. One of the forts commands every approach to the town. Gen. Fisk has called out the militia of North Missouri again, to take the field against guerrillas. He confirms all accounts of the Centralia massacre. Gen. Douglass is already in pursuit of Henderson's butch-

A train went down to De Soto to-day, found the Iron Mountain railroad clear and saw nothing of the enemy. The condition of affairs below De Soto is unknown. The rebels captured about one thousand pounds

The steamer Bartable, well armed, left vesterday for below. General Pleasauton relieved Gen. Blair of ommand of the city and county of St.

ouis to-day. The mail agent of the Southwest Branch railroad, arrived to-night, reports that Gen. Ewing reached Harrison Station about 10 o'clock last night, closely pursued by the enemy. Fighting has been going on, but the result is unknown. The road was cut this side of Harrison, and the towns of Cuba and Bourbon were burning. Harrison being between these two towns, the supposition is that the road is cut on both sides of that point, severing communication with both St. Louis and Rolla.

Escaped prisoners, who arrived at De Soto to-day, report Pilot Knob still held by the rebels, but their numbers or probable movements are not known. It is understood that a portion of Gen. mith's forces start for Franklin, the intersection of the Pacific and Southwest Branch roads, forty miles west of here, to-night.

FROM TENNESSEE.

The Chattanooga Road Cut-Rebel Cavalry all Along the Road-Rousseau at Tullahoma--Another Attack on Pulaski Expected.

NASHVILLE, Sept. 30 .- Forrest, on the night of the 28th, was at Fayetteville with nearly his whole force, en route to the Chattanooga railroad. A small part of the road was destroyed by a body of rebels. Parties of rebel cavalry are scattered all along the line of this railroad. An attack is apprehended at Duck and Elk river bridges, on the Tennessee and Alabama railroad. All bridges and trestles between Athens and Pulaski, for a distance of 30 miles, have been destroyed. Gen. Rousseau was at Christiana last

outh of Murfreesboro. Col. I. L. Donaldson, chief Quartermaster Col. I. L. Donaldson, chief Quartermaster vicinity of that city. While, however, Department of the Cumberland, has been there has been no pitched battle fought of

night. During the night the telegraph

Clarksville railroads. SECOND DISPATCH.

NASHVILLE, Sept. 30 .- Later advices report Gen. Rousseau at Tullahoma road and the wires in working order to that point.

A telegram from Pulaski 30th reports are coming into our lines.

Forrest has twenty-two wagon loads of ammunition and nine pieces of artillery, two of which are ten pound Parrott's, the artillery captured at Athens, and six pieces more have been sent across the river. Part of the 18th Michigan were captured in the stated that its operations during the next fight at Athens.

Decatur is again reported captured. In the fight at Sulphur Branch trestle, Col. Lathrop, 11th U. S. C., Lieut. Carter and Assistant Surgeon Fred Wagner, 3d Tenn., were killed. The total Federal loss was seventy-five killed and eight wounded .-The 3d Tennessee cavalry, Col. Meaun, numbering three hundred and thirteen, was captured at Sulphur trestle. The negroes were treated as prisoners of war, and the officers allowed their private property. The officers will be paroled at Meridan, Miss., and sent to Memphis for exchange. Forrest moved his lines under a flag of

truce at Sulphur Branch trestle. The rebels are reported in large numbers opposite Florence and along the line of the river. It is expected another attack will soon be made on Pulaski.

The Battle of Fisher's Hill.

New York, Oct. 1.—The Herald's correspondent with Sheridan gives the following account of the Fisher's Hill engagement: At 4 o'clock in the afternoon of the 21st, the 19th Corps succeeded in driving the rebels from a line of rifle pits on the right of the pike between Strausburg and Fisher's Hill, and the corps was set to work immediately to convert them into regular earthworks. The 6th and 8th Corps had gradually been working around to the right, with a view of flanking the rebels. Between 4 and 5 o'clock P. M., a rapid

advance of these two corps was ordered. They advanced so far to the right as to be out of range of the rebel batteries they had flanked, the enemy being upon his right flank and rear. A line was then formed, with Gen. Crook's cannon upon the right and Getty's Division of the 6th Corps in the center, while the 3d Division of that Corps formed the left, and the west Division was held in reserve. In this order they advanced upon the enemy's works, and after several brilliant charges up the steep side of hills and through woods and open fields, the rebels were driven back into their entrenchments, and in spite of the furious fusilade of the infantry, and the shot and shell of the artillery, the position was car-ried at the point of the bayonet. When the enemy discovered that he was

flanked and beset in his lair so vigorously. he fled with the utmost precipitation, leav-ing moskets, cannon and all manner of military implements behind. The Sixth corps captured two battle-flags, and Crook's two more. Sixteen pieces of cannon were captured, and about 1500 prisoners. The victory was complete, and the enemy put to a greater rout, if possible, than he was in the recent battle at Winchester.

The 19th corps was still at work upon the line of works captured from the enemy when Generals Wright and Crook essayed the position. This corps was immediately ordered up, and although the men threw down picks and spades and seized their muskets with all possible haste, yet they did not arrive in time to take any very prominent part in the engagement.

The casualties in the 19th corps amount to about 50 killed and wounded; those in the 6th corps will probably amount to 100. Nearly all of the enemy's killed and wounded fell into our hands Early then retreated toward Mt. Jackson, to which place he was closely pursued and fought step by step, and was at length obliged to evacuate that place in the night.

In the morning our forces were after them Hood Superseded by Beauregard. New York, Oct. 1.—The Charleston Mer-cury says Beauregard has accepted the command of Hood's army.

NEW YORK, Oct. 1. Gold less excited than for the last few days. The prices opened at 192, afterwards advanced to 194, again declining to 1931, at noon, and subsequently fell to 1914. DISPATCHES FROM GENERAL

Pursuit of Early - Destruction of Rebel Property-The 19th Corps Vin-

Washington, Oct. 1 .- The following are the dispatches received from Gen. Sheridan, detailing his successful operations since the last report, and are just received: HARRISONBURG, Va., Sept. 29.

To Lieut. Gen. Grant, City Point: In my last dispatch I informed you that I pressed Early so closely through New Mar-ket, at the same time sending cavalry around his flank, that he gave up the valley and took to the mountains, passing through Brown's Gap. I kept up the pursuit to Port Republic, destroying seventy-five wagons and four calssons. I sent Torbett, who overtook me at Harrisonburg, to Staunton, with Wilson's division of cavalry and one brigade of Merritt's. Torbett entered Staunton on the 26th, and destroyed a large quantity of rebel government property, harness, saddles, small arms, hard bread, flour, repair shops, &c. He then proceeded to Waynesboro, destroying the iron bridge over the south branch of the Shenandoah, even miles of the track, the depot buildings, a government tannery and a large amount of leather, flour, stores, &c., at that place. He found the tunnel defended by infantry, and retired via Staunton. It is my impression that most of the

roops which Early had left passed through the mountains to Charlottesville: that Ke saws' division came to his assistance, and I think passed along the base of the mountains to Waynesboro. I am getting from 25 to 40 prisoners daily, who come from the mountains on each side and deliver themselves up.

From the most reliable accounts, Early's army was completely broken up and is dis-pirited. Kershaw had not reached Richond, but was somewhere in the vicinity of Gordonsville, where he received order to rejoin Early.

The destruction of the grain and forage rom here to Staunton will be a terrible blow to them. All the grain, forage, etc., in the vicinity of Staunton, was retained for the use of Early's army; all in the lower part of the valley was shipped to Richmond for the use of Lee's army. The country from here to Staunton was abundantly supplied with forage, grain, etc.

P. H. SHERIDAN. [Signed]

HARRISONBURG, Va., Sept. 26. To Lieut. Gen. Grant:

I see it going the rounds of the papers that the 19th Corps was late in coming to the battle of Winchester. I was entirely unconscious of this until I saw it in the papers. The statement was made by R. L. Shelby. I wish to say that it was incorrect and that this correspondent was arrested by my order on a previous occasion for writing untruthful accounts.

P. H. SHERIDAN, [Signed]

All Quiet in Front of Petersburg -Butler's Army in Motion.

NEW YORK, Oct. 1 .- The Herald's Fortress Monroe correspondent of the 29th says: Rumors of a heavy battle near Petersburg have been rife here for the last two days, and have caused great excitement, wire was cut below that place, and this but all inquiry into facts prove that noth-morning there has been no communication ing more than the usual amount of picket firing has disturbed the quiet spell in the vicinity of that city. While, however, promoted to brevet Brigadier General.— late, still everything is preparing for a Since his arrival here he has opened the most sanguinary conflict, and the time is Northwestern, Tennessee, Alabama and not far distant when the great and decisive movement will be commenced, which must result in a great Union victory. Heavy reinforcements for the front are arriving daily, and either ascend the James river in vessels which bring them, or are reshipped here on light draught steamers. morning the ocean steamer Arago, Capt. that patrols were fired upon on different roads yesterday. Several Federal officers captured had escaped, and many privates ber of recruits, who were sent forward to

City Point. The Herald's headquarters Army of the James correspondent of the 29th says: The Army of the James is in motion, and the fact, by itself, is not deemed contraband by the military authorities. It may be further few days will be of a most important character. The men are really in the highest spirits and equal to the strong undertaking. Though the movement has been organized and conducted thus far with the greatest possible secreey, still the most gratify-ing confidence is felt and unreservedly expressed, that a great effort is to be made to ecomplish the long desired objective point of the campaign.

The Movement in Front of Peters burg.

FORTRESS MONROE, Sept. 30 .- Officers by the hospital steamer who have arrived here, give additional particulars regarding the action on the north side of the James, which has thus far proved a brilliant success. The works captured by us are very strong and fully equal to any the enemy have around Richmond. Birney's Corps gained an important position, seriously menacing Rich-

Gen. Ord's wound is slight. Gen. Burnham was killed. The latest reports from our army on the north side of the James represent everything highly encouraging. Our forces were within four or five miles of Richmond this morning (date not given), having driven the enemy before them in confusion We had about 570 wounded in the action of Thursday, a large portion among the col-

ored troops.

Monday.

The Fight at Chapin's Farm. BALTIMORE, Oct. 1 .- The tollowing additional particulars have been received from a participant in the fight at Chapin's farm. Gen. Ord, 18th corps, with two small di-visions, pushed toward Richmond on Thurslay morning, fighting his way and driving in the enemy's front until he reached Cha pin's Bluff. Here were heavy works extending for miles around. The rebel gunboats were in the rear and below The rebel garrison, hough small, had been reinforced from Richmond. One division (Gen. Stannard's) took the salients of the main works, and thence swinging around inside of and in rear of the enemy's other

works drove them out before them. While this was going on, heavy reinforcements came down from Richmond, which were all driven out. The division which did this lost every brigade commander, killed or wounded. Gen. Burnham was killed, Colonels Stevens and Donahoe were wounded, but not dangerously. This divi-sion behaved most gallantly, having some 500 officers and men killed or wounded. The works taken were the strongest so far seen around Richmond, and Gen. Grant will, it is believed, keep it. Heavy fighting was going on when our

Chasing a Riockade Runner-Sh

informant left.

is Run Down and Burned. Washington, Sept. 30.—Acting Master Kimball, commanding U. S. steamer Niphon, writing to the Navy Department from off New Inlet, N. C., under date of September 26th, reports that on the 25th he discovered a long steamer, painted white liscovered a long steamer painted white coming out of Swash channel. He immecoming out of Swash channel. He immediately gave chase and fired several broadsides at her, nearly every shot of which
took effect. The Niphon attempted to run
down the blockade runner, but was unable
to do so, and owing to her superior speed
she escaped. Another U. S. vessel overhauled her, however, and chased her
aground off Half-Moon Battery, where she
was set on fire by the crew and destroyed.
The pages of the blockade runner was not The name of the blockade runner was not

Ex-Gov. Dennison Sworn In. WASHINGTON, Oct. 1 .- Ex-Gov. Dennison was this afternoon sworn into office and entered upon the duties as Postmaster GenFROM BUTLER'S ARMY.

dvance of the 10th and 18th Corps-Rebsls Moving About Promiscu-

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, Sept. 29—Evening.—Reports from General Butler's Department say that the 10th and 18th Army Corps crossed the James river at Deep Bottom and advanced against the enemy's works at Chapin's farm, taking the first line of rifle pits without resistance. and at 10 o'clock the enemy's strong position at Chapin's Bluff was carried by assault and three hundred prisoners taken, with sixteen pieces of artillery, flags, &c. A division of the 18th Corps is stated to have suffered considerable loss, but to what extent is not known. Our troops hold the position, which is about seven miles from

Heavy firing was heard late this afternoon on the extreme left. It is believed to be Gregg's cavalry engaging the enemy.-They went on a reconnoissance in the di-rection of the South Side railroad, but the result of their trip has not been ascertained.

The rebels have been back and forth today in every direction, at one time marching off towards our left, and again returning to Petersburg, as it going to Richmond; then appearing at some other point, and finally going out of sight altogether. Some deserters came in to-day, who say that the defeat of Early in the Valley had

leave on the first opportunity, having lost all faith in their final success. September 30, 6 A. M.-Brisk firing was kept up along the center of the line all last night, between the pickets; this morning the utmost quiet prevails. Reports that the rebels are evacuating Petersburg are again in circulation here.

Our Cavalry Near Richmond.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 1 .- The Bulletin of this ity has the following special dispatch: It is reported that Gen. Kautz's cavalry on Wednesday evening advanced on a re-connoissance to within a mile and a half of Richmond, and were surprised to find so few rebels in the vicinity. Most or Gen. Butler's forces are within four miles of the city. Great activity prevalled on the left of our lines, and Gregg's cavalry had advanced to Ream's Station. The rebel lines were very thin. The cannonading of Wed-nesday inflicted but little damage upon us.

Officials Selling Negro Substitutes. Louisville, Sept. 30 .- Lieut. Col. Hammond, acting commandant of this post, ar-rested Captain Dunn, Provost Marshal of this city, and all his assistants, including the military police, for seizing negroes about the city and selling them as substitutes. The parties will be tried before a military commission. Major Wharton assumes the duties of Provost Marshal tomorrow. The civil police are said to be implicated in these negro seizures.

From Washington.

Washington, Oct. 1 .- Lieut. Commander Gilles, commanding the gunboat Scotia, reports to the Navy Department that on the 9th inst,, in the Gulf of Mexico, he picked up eighty-three bales of cotton, and that the gunboat Arostook also picked up thir-ty-eight bales.

The President has approved the reports of the Naval Board, convened under the act of April 21st, 1864, of the following cases of promotion: James F. Schenck, R. A. Meade and Fabius Stanley, to be Cap-tains, and Egbert Thompson to be Commander. The following are not recom-mended for promotion, and the President has likewise approved the action of the Board: Captains, A. K. Long and Francis B. Ellison; Commanders, Samuel Lock-wood, John Calhoun, Benj. J. Totten, John E. Carter, John J. Glassen, Berry M. Dove, and James F. Armstrong; Lieutenants, G.

W. Doty and Joseph P. Tuffee. New York, Oct. 1.—The Commercial's Washington special says: Government has is substantially squashed, and Sherman has seen on the street on the 30th exceedingly restored his communications, with no aprehension of a lack of supplies.

It is now positively stated that General sherman has corresponded with Governor

Brown, of Ga., concerning peace, and that the Government approves of General Sherman's course in the matter.

The Republican has official information that Sheridan has scattered Early's force to the mountains and destroyed the immense supplies gathered for Lee's army, and that all is going right with Grant.

Heavy Failure.

New York, Oct. 1.—The suspension of the firm of Wright Maxwell & Co., branch of W. Maxwell & Co., of Rio Janero, many years in the coffee trade, announced to-day is ascribed to the heavy fall in the prices of merchandize and gold. Their liabilities are said to be large, and their loss of exchange operations very heavy.

A Bank Mobbed.

CHICAGO, Oct. 1.—A mob this afternoon attacked the Banking house of the Western Marine and Fire Insurance Company. The cause of the demonstration was, the Bank vesterday received a deposit of seven or eight thousand dollars of the fund for relief of drafted men of the Eighth Ward, and failed to open doors this morning. The mob quieted on receiving assurice that the money would be returned on

SUNDAY NIGHT'S DISPATCHES.

The Advance of the Tenth Corps NEW YORK, Oct. 2.-The Herald's Tenth Corps correspondent says of the operation of that Corps in the advance on Richmond The Corps broke camp at three o'clock P.
M. on the 28th, and by rapid marching reached and crossed the James at daylight on the 29th. At Deep Bottom, immediately on advancing, they met the enemy and skirmished up roads and across fields till near New Market road. This was occupied by the enemy strongly intrenched on a hill. The advance was obstinately contested .-The position, in addition to its strong natural character, was rendered doubly formidable by an almost impenetrable slashing that covered the slopes. The colored troops, under Gen. Paine, were ordered to carry this position, and their charge was one of the grand features of the operations of the day. They never halted or faltered, rough their ranks were sadly thinned as they advanced to the successful accom-plishment of their task, put the enemy to confusion and sent them rapidly down the road toward Richmond. Generals Grant advanced to the successful accomnd Butler came on the field during this truggle, and were enthusiastically received by the troops. When the former rode along the lines the shouts and cheers of the men were beyond example.

Three miles above New Market the enemy

have a very strong work, but Birney press-ed his advantage and pursued the retreating rebels so closely that they could not stop to reform in this work. Two miles further on, the rebels have a strong line of re-doubts, pertect in their character, carrying heavy artillery and located at such brief intervals that it is impossible to force a column of troops through them. These works cross the New Market road just be-yond the Laurel Hill Church, and their guns sweep the roads in all directions. Gen. Birney at once determined to carry such of these works as lay in his front, by general assault, reconnoitering the ground himself smid a storm of shells I have never seen surpassed. They were met with a murderous fire of grape and cannister, and unceasing volleys of musketry, that worked terrible bayoc in their ranks. Still unflinchingly they held their way. In crossing an in-tervening crest of open land they were ex-posed to a frightful enfilading fire of artil-lery, and the casualties were terrible. Still the line pressed forward. On approaching the redoubts they were found even more for-midable than at first supposed. A perfect abbattis held them at bay, while the rebel

infantry literally mowed them down. They were surrounded by a broad ditch eight feet deep, into which some of the colored troops leaped, only to find themselves penned in with no door of retreat. These works had no sally ports, and were accessible only by draw bridges over the ditches, and these of course were drawn up. The line was withdrawn to the farther side of the ditch which position was held

side of the ditch, which position was held until night, when a demonstration was made against the works in the ditch of which our men were cooped up, thus giving them an opportunity to escape. Though an advance up the road of from half to threequarters of a mile was accomplished it cost us dearly. The corps lost over 500 men killed and wounded.

At the same time this was going on, Kautz's cavalry dashed boldly up to the very gates of Richmond, which fact he reported to Butler, who at once dispatched a division of infantry to his support. This division marched unresisted to within musket range of the city, and probably might have marched into the rebel capital, though it is clear they could not have held it. On arriving in the suburbs of the city they found Kautz had withdrawn for a wise purpose. The division was then ordered to re-

Although our advance was checked at Laurel Hill, our expedition is by no means

Advance of the Eighteenth Corps. New York, Oct. 2.—The Herald's correscaused great depression throughout the ondent with the 18th corps gives the folrebel ranks, and thousands were ready to lowing account of the part taken by that

corps in the movement: Heckman's and Stannard's divisions of the 18th corps crossed the James at Aiken's Landing, and a mile was marched before they came in contact with the They showed no desire to fight, and fell back rapidly. Four lines of rifle pits were thus abandoned. When they reached their main line, however, they showed resistance, and opened with sharpshooters and artillery of every description immediately in front of Stannard, and commanding the road was a large fort mounting 11 guns. Preparations to stop it were made, and when ready Ord gave the signal. Our men rushed across the field in the face of artillery and mus-

ketry, and captured the fort, guns and a number of prisoners.

Gen. Ord was wounded just as he entered the fort, and Gen. Burnham killed just as he was about to enter. Captain Berry, Lieutenant Ladd and Captain Converse, of Stannard's staff, were all wounded. Lieutenant Horn, of Ord's staff, was badly bruised by his horse being killed and falling on him.

General Heckman took command of the corps after General Ord was disabled, and made several desperate charges to capture the enemy's second line; but owing to the fact of the 10th Corps and Paine's Division of the 18th Corps not joining us till noon, no further success was met with. The number of guns captured amounted to twentyeight, nearly all heavy.

Butler Captures the Fortifications in Front of Fort Darling-Rebels Receiving Reinforcements.

New York, Oct. 2.-The Herald's corres pondent at Butler's headquarters, dating Sept. 30th, writes: Early yesterday morning Gen. Butler had captured all the fortifications save one immediately opposite Fort Darling, and we still hold them, notwithstanding a vigorous shelling by the rebel rams. The fact that one of our hospitals was located within three miles of the city throughout yesterday, is significant. Gen. Grant last evening expressed him-

self to an old army officer as being entire ly satisfied with the operations of the army. and added that more had been accomplished (at the then period of the undertaking) than he expected would be. Gen Grant had an interview with Gen. Butler at 5 o'clock this morning.

It is reported the rebels are rushing re-

inforcements to their left by train loads of fifteen and seventeen cars each.

We have captured twenty guns in all. Refugees from Richmond report great nformation that the invasion of Missouri | despondency there; and Jeff Davis was abject and worn down in his appearance. Citizens were leaving the city by hundreds. They say Lee was caught napping this time, as our movements were not dreamed

Fighting in Front of Petersburg -Hospital Steamer Blown Up-

Affairs at Mobile. FORTRESS MONROE, Oct. 1, VIA BALTI-MORE 2.—The U.S. hospital steamer Geo. Leary arrived from Deep Bottom this afternoon, reports fighting in progress yes-terday, on the north side of the James, also heavy firing on the south side of Petersburg, which continued at a late hour last evening. No important results are yet re-ported, but the indications are very favora-

The hospital steamer Matilda exploded her boiler at five o'clock last evening, just after having landed 200 wounded soldiers for Hampton Hospital. Providentially the

soldiers all escaped. The engineer, Thos. Brannon, was dang-erously scalded; the second engineer was slightly injured; Quartermaster Wm. K. Irvin had an arm broken. None others in-

jured. From thirty to forty feet of the

Matilda's upper works were carried away,

including the saloon. The hull was not damaged. dispatch steamer Connecticut arrived last evening, with dispatches from Admiral Farragut. Fort Morgan is being put in condition for strong defense. The enemy is trying to place torpedoes in the channel above Fort Morgan. The report that our gunboats are near the city of Mobile is in-

Gen. Meade Moving.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, Sept. 30—Evening.—It having been deter-mined by Gen. Meade to make an attack on the enemy's right flank, southwest of Petersburg, the troops selected for that purpose were massed near Weldon railroad this morning. These consisted of the 1st and 2d divisions, and a brigade of the 3d division of the 5th corps, with the 2d and 3d divisions of the 9th corps, and Gen. oraw-ford with his command held works on the flank. At 11 o'clock the line was ordered to advance, and the enemy's pickets were driven in. On reaching the residence of Mr. Peebles, on the Squirrel Level road, about four miles from Petersburg, a strong line of works was discovered, with an entrenched skirmish line in front running close to the front. The 2d and 3d brigades of the 1st division took the advance, and charging, drove the reb-els into their works. The rebels with three guns opened on our advancing column, but it pushed on and never halted until the rebels were driven from their position with a loss of one gun and about sixty prisoners. Our loss up to this time did not exceed over 100 in killed and wounded. Colonel Welch, of the 116th Michigan, was killed while leading his men over the enemy's work. Maj. Partridge, commanding the Pennsylvania volunteers, was badly woundd in the breast in this charge. Colonel Gwynn, commanding the 2d brigade of the 2d division of the 5th corps, had his horse shot under him and was badly bruised by his horse falling on him, but he, nevertheless, kept the field.

less, kept the field.

After reforming our lines, another charge was made, when the rebels were forced back half a mile further, where they took a still stronger position and made a desperate resistance to our advance, the 9th Corps having the advance. Here the rebels succeeded in throwing a force around the Pegram House on its left, and threatened to turn our flank, but General Griffin's division being at hand, they were checked.

The fighting was of the most desperate character, and continued till after dark, our men holding at that time all the ground they had taken from the enemy. Our loss in the battle will amount to about five hundred, while that of the rebels probably is not so large, as they fought nearly all the time behind breastworks. Very little artillery was used on our side, the woods being too dense for that purpose.

Contrabands who have come into our lines say the rebels yesterday withdrow nearly all their troops to Richmond, but brought some back this morning, including

all the home guards. A heavy battle is expected to-morrow, and it is believed he shall take Petersburg during the day, such is the confidence of

our troops.

The prisoners taken belong to the 7th Confederate cavalry, dismounted. Among them is a Major and six commissioned offi-

DETROIT, Oct. 1.—The extensive Door, Sash and Blind Factory of Morehouse, Mitchell & Co. was burned last night. Loss \$50,000; insurance small. COMMERCIAL MATTERS.

New York Money Market -- Oct. 1. Money steady at 7 per cent, for call 1 ans.

Esterling exchange dull at 1035, @109 in gold.
Gold dull and lower. Opening at 192, advancing to 194, declining to 1905; advancing to 196%, and closing at 191.

Total exports of specie to-day, \$420,700.
Government stocks steady.

Cleveland Market. Cleveland Market.

FLOUR—No sales of round lots reported. Market dull and tendency downward.

WHEAT—Unsettled and irregular. Sales, before the report from New York was received, 3 cars No. 1 red from store at \$200, after the report 3 cars No. 1 at \$1.85.

CORN—Sales 1 car No. 1 at \$1.85.

OATS—Sales before the report, 2 cars free on board at 75c; after the report, lower; sales 1 car free on board at 74c; 600 bush do at 73/c.

RYE—Sales 1 car on track at \$1.35.

BUTTER—No shipping demand, and only a light retail request. Sales 10 kegs Western Reserve at 56c.

Ale. CHEESE—Market quiet at unchangeb rates at 18620e for large lots good to prime Western Reserve; 2020lle for small lots selected do; 22e for choice Hamburg.

EGGS—Sales 5 bris at 20e; 2 bris at 21e.

LAKE FISH—Quiet and steady at the following figures for half barrels: White Fish \$9 50; Trout \$8 50; Pickerel \$7 25; Herring \$5 75.

MALT—Held firm at \$2 50,

ALE AND FORTER—We quote as follows: Present Use XX Ale \$10; Stock XXX \$116912; Kennett \$14; Pale Cream \$11; Porter \$11.

Cincinnati Market. FLOUR—The market continues unsettled, and prices are nominally lower. Superfine sold at \$3.50 to \$8.75, and family was offered at \$9.00, without

prices are nominally lower. Supernne soid at \$8 50 to \$8 75, and family was offered at \$9 00, without buyors.

WHISKY—Sales of 224 bris at \$170.

WHEAT—There was a good demand in the morning, and sales were made at \$1 53 for prime red, and \$2 00 for white; but after the news from New York the market was americate, and with intitle was done the market was americate, and with intitle was done the market was americate, and with intitle was done the market was americate, and with intitle was done the market in the prime red at \$1.53; 2,900 do choice white at \$2.00; 600 do prime red at \$1.55; and 200 do at \$1.80.

CORN—There was a fair demand, and the market rules steady at \$1.20 for shelled.

OATS—There was a fair demand, and the market rules steady at \$1.20 for shelled.

OATS—There was a fair demand, and the market firm at \$1.40 for prime samples on arrival.

BARLEY—Unchanged at \$1.80 12 5 for the best grades of Spring, as \$1.00 12 15 for Fall.

GROCERIES—The market is quiet, and prices in the large way are nominal. Small sales are being made by the jobbers at 30 20 40 for prime to choice Rio Coffee; raw Sugar, 20 230; for hard refined, 280; and for New Orleans Molasses, \$1.00 11 15.

BUTTER—The market is very quiet, with receipts about equal to the demand, 40 40 44c for prime to choice Central Ohio. The lower grades are extremely dull, and may be quoted at \$3.38.

HAY—The receipts are only moderate, and with a fair local demand; the market rules steady at \$24 60 for.

POTATOES—A steady market with a fair de-

©25 ♥ ton.

POTATOES—A steady market with a fair demand for prime to choice at \$4@450 ♥ brl.

APPLES—A good demand for Eastern at \$5@5 50, ₱ barrel. Western are dull, any may be quoted at \$2 50@3 75 ♥ brl. New York Market .- Oct. 1. COTTON-Dull and drooping at \$\$1 2021 25 for

COTTON—Dull and drooping at \$\$12021 25 for middling.

FLOUR—Market for State and Western heavy and unsettled and 15225e lower; \$8 0028 30 for extra State: \$9 2525 65 for extra Round Hoop Ohio, and \$9 7521 150 for trade brands; \$8 22629 50 for common to middling western.

WHISKY—Dull and quiet at \$1 75 for State and and \$17621 77 for Western, closing heavy.

WHEAT—Dull, heavy and 225c lower. Sales at \$15522 00 for winter red and anaber western, and \$1532166 for Chicago and Racine spring.

RYE—Heavy and 10c lower at \$1 45.

BARLEY—Dull.

CORN—Heavy and lower at \$1 5821 59 for

CORN-Heavy and lower at \$1 58@1 59 for mixed Western, closing with free sellers at inside OATS-Lower and more doing at 87@87%c for EVEV Very quiet and no sale

SUGAR—Dull and more or more less nominal.— New Orleans 1142214. MOLASSES—Very quiet. Sales by auction of Porto Rico at 8428c, and sugar house syrup at 802 F6c.
PETROLEUM-37@3%c for crude; \$3c for refined in bond, and 72@75c for refined, free;
WOOL-Dull and heavy.
PORK-Decidedly better with active demand, \$41@42 00 for Mess, \$43 00@43 25 new do, cash; \$43 50 for do regular way; \$40 00@40 50 for prime and \$41 56@42 00 for prime mess. Total stock of old and new on Oct. 1st, 1864, 112,931 bris; same date last month, 164,514 bris; same date last year, 194,825 bris.

bris.
BEEF-Very dull at \$10@14 for country mess;
\$7.50@10 for country prime; \$15@18 50 for repackprimess and \$19@24 for extra mess. Total stock old
and new on Oct. 1st, 1864, 19,385 package; same date
ast month, 12,885 packages; same date last year.
\$2.458 reachages.

5.485 packages.
PRIME MESS BEEF—Dull and nominal.
CUT MEATS—Quiet: 171/4@18½ for shoulders and
8@19½c for hams. Sales of 10,000 pounds new
ickled hams in bulk at 21c.
LARD—Dull and drooping at 191/4@20e¾.
BUTTER—Dull at 39@38c.
CHEESE—Dull at 15@23c for prime.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

TO CONSUMPTIVES. Consumptive sufferers will receive a valuable pre-

eription for the cure of Consumption, Asthms. Bronchitis, and all throat and lung affections (free of charge,) by sending their address to REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,

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Fancy Goods Dealers. inn27'64-d&wlysp A CASE OF DYSPEPSIA OF SIXTEEN YEARS' STANDING, CURED BY ONE BOX OF T. M. SHARP'S CELEBRATED PILLS,

action upon the skin. For sale by all Druggists and

READ THE TESTIMONY, PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 6th, 1864 PRILADELPHIA, Feb. 6th, 1864.

MR. JOEN J. KROMER,

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M. §31 Chestnut street, Philadelphia.

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appropriate against the Plates cracking, a difficulthat all makers have to contend with, if otherwi-